District Court of the United States for said district a libel for the seizure and condemnation of 12 cases of eggs, remaining unsold in the original unbroken packages at Denver, Colo., consigned by J. W. Allen, Clayton, Kans., alleging that the article had been shipped from Clayton, Kans., on or about September 5, 1922, and transported from the State of Kansas into the State of Colorado, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the libel for the reason that it consisted in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid animal substance.

On November 20, 1922, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the bad portion be destroyed and the good portion sold by the United States marshal.

C. W. Pugsley, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

11205. Adulteration of shell eggs. U. S. v. 15 Cases of Eggs. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and sale. (F. & D. No. 16833. I. S. No. 7543-v. S. No. W-1217.)

On September 9, 1922, the United States attorney for the District of Colorado, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel for the seizure and condemnation of 15 cases of eggs, remaining unsold in the original unbroken packages at Denver, Colo., consigned by J. W. Allen, Oberlin, Kans., alleging that the article had been shipped from Oberlin, Kans., on or about September 5, 1922, and transported from the State of Kansas into the State of Colorado, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the libel for the reason that it

consisted in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid animal substance.

On November 20, 1922, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the bad portion be destroyed and the good portion sold by the United States marshal.

C. W. Pugsley, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

11206. Adulteration of shell eggs. U. S. v. 10 Cases of Eggs. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and sale. (F. & D. No. 16834., I. S. No. 7599-v. S. No. W-1218.)

On September 9, 1922, the United States attorney for the District of Colorado, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel for the seizure and condemnation of 10 cases of eggs, remaining unsold in the original unbroken packages at Denver, Colo., consigned by Carpenter & Shafer, Colby, Kans., alleging that the article had been shipped from Colby, Kans., on or about September 5, 1922, and transported from the State of Kansas into the State of Colorado, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the libel for the reason that it

consisted in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid animal substance.

On November 20, 1922, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the bad portion be destroyed and the good portion sold by the United States marshal.

C. W. Pugsley, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

11207. Adulteration and misbranding of color, orange sirup, and fig jam. U. S. v. Caravan Products Co., a Corporation. Plea of guilty. Fine, \$100. (F. & D. No. 16859. I. S. Nos. 5947-t, 6027-t, 6992-t.)

On December 13, 1922, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district an information against the Caravan Products Co., a corporation, New York, N. Y., alleging shipment by said company, in violation of the Food and Drugs Act in or about May 13, 1921, from the State of New York into the State of Punsylvania, of a quantity of color, on or about August 8, 1921, from the State of New York into the State of New Jersey, of a quantity of orange sirup, and on or about August 13, 1921, from the State of New York into the State of Pennsylvania, of a quantity of fig jam, all of which were adulterated and misbranded. The articles were labeled in part, respectively: "Caravan * * * Red Shade Manufactured By Caravan Products Co. New York, U. S. A.;" "Orange Ends Toil Brand